

# YOUR TAJWEED MADE EASY

A step by step guide to basic Tajweed rules

## FOR YOUR INFORMATION

1. The letters laam and raw are also known as ID-GHAAM letters but are read without a ghunna. If after noon saakin or tanween you see the letters laam or raw then you will merge the noon saakin or tanween with the laam or raw but there will be no ghunna. The main reason why this information was not in lesson 19 is because there is no ghunna.
2. If you see a raw mushad-dad (raw with a tashdeed on it) with a fatha (zabar) or dhamma (pesh) on it then it will be read full mouth.
3. If you see a raw mushad-dad with kasra (zer) on it then it will be read empty mouth.

مِنْ شَرِّ	لَيْسَ الْبِرِّ	يُسِرُّونَ
Example to be read empty mouth	Examples to be read full mouth	

4. If you are going to stop on a raw and before it there is a yaa saakin then read the raw empty mouth.

بَعِيرٌ قَدِيرٌ خَيْرٌ
All of these examples will be read empty mouth

5. If after a raw saakin which has a kasra before it you see one of the 7 full mouth letters then this will be read full mouth.

مَرْصَادٌ - قَرْطَاسٌ
These examples will be read full mouth

If you see the word أَنَا in the Quran, read as أَنْ (do not read the last alif) when continuing

That brings me to the end of this humble attempt at the most basic level of Tajweed. No doubt you would have agreed with some content and maybe not too impressed by other parts of this work but remember the main goal is that we need to prepare children and adults alike to recite Quran correctly.

I am aware that there could have been more content in this book but I feel it is enough for beginners.

Please use this work in Madrasah with children and also in adult classes.

**Reminder:** This booklet should be studied with those who have learnt this subject.